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## **Development of the electrochemical sensor for highly sensitive levodopa determination**

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## Carbon black, RuO<sub>2</sub>·xH<sub>2</sub>O and Nafion modified glassy carbon electrode (GCE)

**PREPARATION OF** GCE



**MICROSTRUCTURE OF CB-RuO<sub>2</sub>-Nafion GCE** 

**COMPARISON OF CB-RuO<sub>2</sub>-Nafion GCE WITH DIFFERENT MODIFICATIONS OF GCE** 









» Dopamine (neurotransmiter) precursor

DOPA) – natural amino acid

- Does not occur naturally in our  $\rightarrow$ diet
- Levodopa has the highest  $\rightarrow$ therapeutic index of any drug available for Parkinson's disease







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Fig. 4. (a) Voltammograms obtained during measurement of the sample containing levodopa (b) Corresponding regression.

 
 Table 1. Results of levodopa determination in pharmaceutical products
and in tap water sample

105-107%

DOPA	DOPA found ± s (recovery, %), mg		DOPA found ± s (recovery, %), μg
added	Madopar 62.5 <sup>a</sup>	Madopar 125 <sup>b</sup>	Tap water
0	51.2±1.8	101.8±3.4	ND
2 µg	-	-	$2.32 \pm 0.02$
4 µg	-	-	4.51±0.07 (106)
50 mg	107.5±2.2 (107)	-	-
100 mg	-	214.0±7.1 (105)	-

## Conclusions

- By using glassy carbon electrode modified with CB,  $RuO_2 \cdot H_2O$  and Nafion sensitivity was improved by 12 times in comparison with bare glassy carbon electrode.
- Highly sensitive voltammetric method for levodopa determination was developed
- Calculated limit of detection was equal to 17 nM.
- The applicability of the developed method was confirmed by analysis of pharmaceutical products containing levodopa.
- Recoveries were in the range 105-107% what indicates that method might be considered as accurate.